Creating your Logic Models

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Learning objectives

- Understand what a logic model is and why it's so useful
- Distinguish between outputs and outcomes

Disclaimer

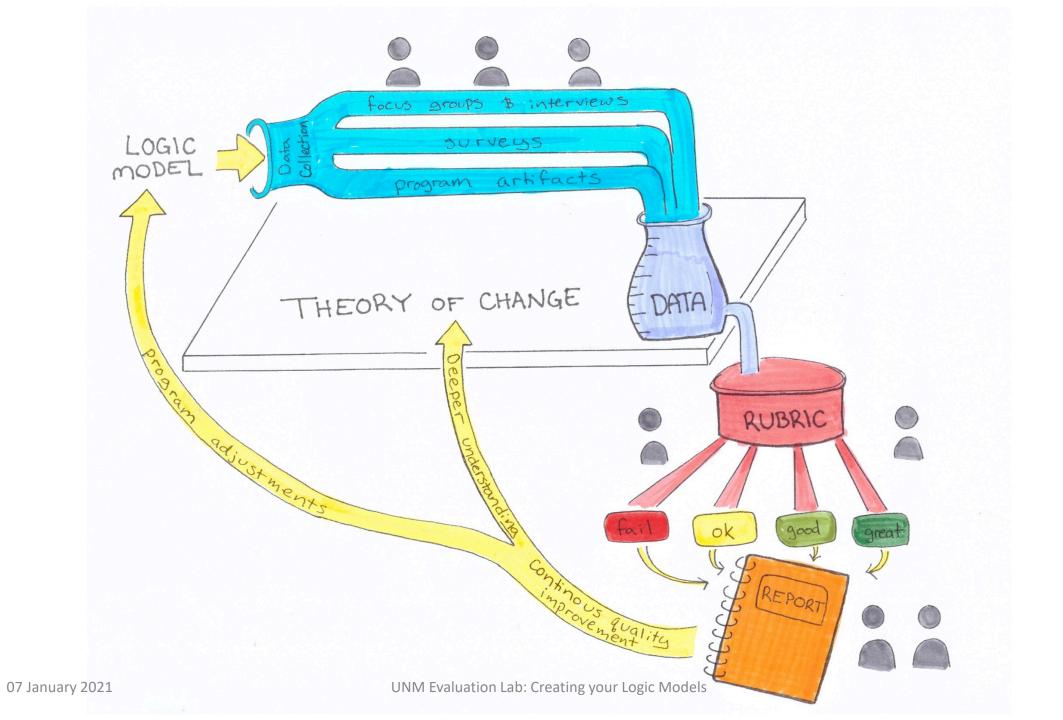
- Some may already have a logic model
- Encourage you to take a second look at it
- Talk about how you are using it with your organization
- Stay tuned for now getting everyone on the page
- When we break for individual time, you can work on something else
- But please come to small group and share about your logic models

What is a Logic Model?

- a one-page description of your program that shows the connection between day-to-day activities/resources and your outcomes (mission).
- can be a chart, illustration or table.
- a living document!

Why is it so great to have a Logic Model?

- If developed or reviewed regularly by stakeholders, it gets everyone on the same page, and working together.
- It provides a roadmap for designing evaluation activities that can help you assess your progress and success and provides guidance for becoming (even more) effective.
- It helps you figure out if your program makes sense!





Logic Model Definitions

A logic model will highlight and link:

Resources and inputs

Activities

Outputs

Short- and long-term outcomes

and articulate:

Assumptions – beliefs

External Factors – barriers

Goal: Host a birthday party for a dear friend/family member.

| Resources | Activities | Outputs | Short-Term Outcomes | Long-Term • • Outcomes |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Host Birthday Person Venue/space Food & cake Tables & chairs Decorations Games Guestlist Funding Music Piñata & candy | Eating Singing "happy birthday" and cutting the cake Opening gifts Beating the Piñata Dancing Playing games | # of guests who attend # of gifts (maybe) # of games available to guests # of people dancing, playing games % of food and cake eaten vs. left-over Fun-ness of the atmosphere (does it look/feel like folks are enjoying themselves?) Positivity of guests (are people saying good things?) | The birthday person feels special & happy Attendees have a good time | The birthday person has a positive memory of your party The party makes a positive impact or guests – people use your party for ideas for their own parties |

Assumptions:

Culture – it's culturally appropriate to celebrate the way you've planned

The birthday person **WANTS** to be celebrated (and celebrated in the way you've planned/organized)

The resources you have and activities you've planned meet the preferences and needs of the guests

External Factors:

COVID

Food allergies/restrictions

Maybe the day you've chosen is popular and there are several other events happening – guests will have to choose between your event and others

Funding/space limitations or availability

Outcomes =

Changes in participants' behavior, Knowledge, Skills, Level of functioning, Outlook, Life trajectories.

Outcomes are the evidence that your program is having the desired success in **making a difference**.



Short-term Outcomes:

 What you want to see for a participant on the day he or she completes your program

Long-term Outcomes:

 What you hope participants take with them into the future.

Short-term Outcomes:

- The birthday person feels special & happy
- Attendees have a good time

Long-term Outcomes:

- The birthday person has a positive memory of your party
- The party makes a positive impact on guests – people use your party for ideas for their own parties

Resources =

The things and people that you need to operate your program:

- Space for staff meetings, client meetings, storage, group activities, etc.
- Grants and donations Funding sources.
- Dedicated staff Administrative, operations, legal
- Training for new staff, certifications, licensing
- Etc.





- •Venue/space
- Food & cake
- Tables & chairs
- Decorations
- •Games
- Guestlist
- Funding
- Music
- Piñata & candy

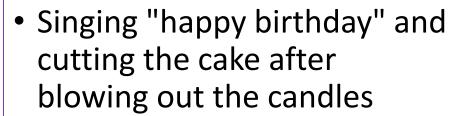


Activities =

What you are doing when your program is happening:

- Classes
- Counseling
- Home visits
- Events
- Etc.

Eating



- Opening gifts
- Beating the Piñata
- Dancing
- Playing games (yard games, board games, etc.)

Outputs =

- the things that the activities produce:
 - # of participants
 - # of events
 - # of meals served
 - Participants are engaged
 - Trust built

```
# of guests who attend
# of gifts (maybe)
# of games available to guests
# of people dancing, playing games
(not just sitting silently on their
phones)
% of food and cake eaten vs. left-over
Fun-ness of the atmosphere (does it
look/feel like folks are enjoying
themselves?)
Positivity of guests (are people saying
good things?)
```

Outputs are the evidence that you are doing what you planned to do.

Outputs versus outcomes

OUTPUTS

of guests who attend
of gifts (maybe)
of games available to guests
of people dancing, playing games
(not just sitting silently on their
phones)

% of food and cake eaten vs. left-over Fun-ness of the atmosphere (does it look/feel like folks are enjoying themselves?)

Positivity of guests (are people saying good things?)

OUTCOMES

The birthday person feels special & happy

Attendees have a good time

The birthday person has a positive memory of your party

The party makes a positive impact on guests – people use your party for ideas for their own parties

Assumptions – Beliefs

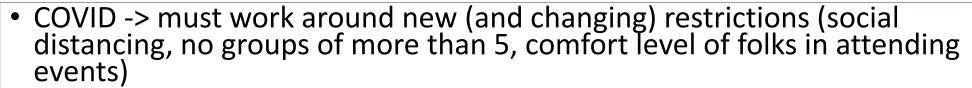
Beliefs you have about what will work and why



- Culture it's culturally appropriate to celebrate the way you've planned
- The birthday person WANTS to be celebrated (and celebrated in the way you've planned/organized)
- The resources you have and activities you've planned meet the preferences and needs of the guests

External Factors – Barriers

What might limit or be an obstacle to success?





- Maybe the birthday persons or guests have food allergies/restrictions that mean modifications or alterations to your menu
- Maybe the day you've chosen is popular and there are several other events happening – guests will have to choose between your event and others
- Funding/space limitations or availability

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Logic model template

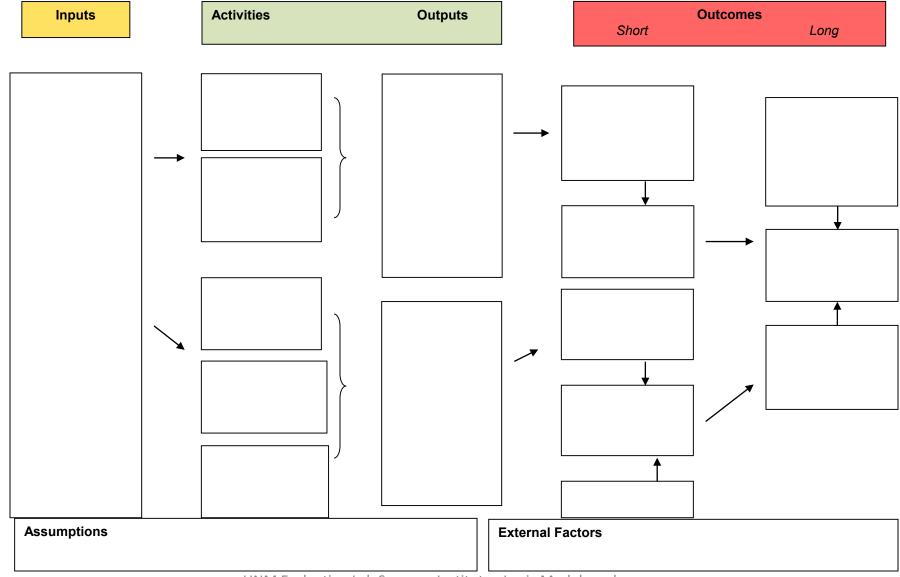


Figure 1. Logic Model for Prevention Programs

| Inputs | Activities | Outputs | Short Ou | utcomes Long |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| -Grants/donations (resources) | -Youth Leaders recruited from intervention. | -To be determined # of individuals complete training | -Participants have improved understanding of DV, | |
| -Food -Dedicated staff- | -Youth Leaders receive a to be | -Work with 10 South Valley schools, via the | TDV, gender, inequity, and healthy relationships | |
| Intervention AND Prevention (no silos) | determined # of weeks of training to facilitate community | | | -Change social norms that accept |
| -10 South Valley Schools with a Parent | presentations | DV and gender equality to parents | | gender inequality |
| Liaison (childcare, certificate of participation, | | -Co-Facilitate a to be determined # of | | |
| gift/incentive, food) -Focus groups with | -Promotores recruited | Platicas Comunitarias | -Commit to doing the internal work (what | -Must demonstrate internalized |
| alumni Promotoras and Youth Leaders | by Promotoras and Youth Leaders | -To be determined # of individuals complete training | does this entail?) | renunciation of machismo. |
| | -Promotores receive a to be determined # of weeks of training to facilitate community presentations -Must attend antiviolence against women workshops | -To be determined # to attend anti-violence | -Do the internal work (How to demonstrate – ongoing process) | Incorporate understanding and commitment to creating gender |
| | | workshops | * | equity, ending DV, |
| | | -Assist with 5 DV and gender equality sessions to parents | -Provide tools and opportunity to use them (identify throughout the week) | and building healthy relationships in to the presentations and trainings- develop the |
| | | -Co-Facilitate a to be determined # of Platicas Comunitarias | | models External Factors |
| | st change agents to prevent fut | ture DV. | | Political landscape |

Logic Model from Enlace Comunitario

Survivors of Childhood Domestic Violence (CDV) ARE survivors.

Logic model template

| Resources/ Inputs | Activities | Outputs | Short-Term Outcomes | Long-Term Outcomes |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
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| | | | | |
| Assumptions | | Evtornol | Factors | |
| Assumptions: | | External External | | |

RESOURCES & INPUTS

- Physical Space
- Location supported by survey data
- · Furniture, Computers, Lockers. Kitchen, shower access
- Donations
- Internet Access
- Staff and Partners
- Youth Advisory Council
- School partnerships
- Bilingual staff (English & Spanish)
- Clear purpose for vouth involvement
- Governmental support
- Local and national consultation
- Youth peer supports
- Peer Support paid positions & structures of support for positions
- Training resources
- Bus passes
- Community partnerships & resource coordination

ASSUMPTIONS & VALUES: Young people have

the power and capacity to be the author and hero of

increases access for youth to engage in opportunities

belonging and inclusivity lead to positive engagement

for their development. Creating a sense of safety.

and authentic relationships that are a catalyst for

personal development and growth.

their own journey. A "one-stop-shop" model

YOUTH ADVISORY COUNCIL

"The voice of Youth BLAST;" advocacy, leadership, research, service development & peer support

- Youth leadership pathways
- # of youth active in the council
- Youth contributions to space, programs, policies, etc.
- # of events & meetings attended to represent YB

YOUTH BLAST

Safety &

Relationships

Mastery

Empowerment

Youth Advisory Council

- Paid Youth **BLAST Peer** Advocates
- Internship opportunities
- Youth BLAST representation at community meetings
- Access to a diversity of leadership opportunities
- Community & coalition building; advocacy.

OUTPUTS

- # of Youth Attending
- # referred by other vouth
- Positive relationship & engagement
- Supportive, inclusive & safe environment
- # of youth connected to other support services
- # participating in Youth BLAST activities
- # of formal partners
- # of monthly activities
- # of peer supports
- # of community meetings with Youth BLAST representation
- Program evaluation plan informed and facilitated by young people.

OUTCOMES

- · Youth basic needs are met
- Decrease in vouth homelessness
- · Youth develop their own goals & path for future
- Youth know their rights
- Youth use their voice (strategic sharing, advocacy, peer support, language)
- Young people given space to express & celebrate themselves
- Paradigm for supporting young people is redefined
- Model for youth-driven and community collaborative initiatives
- · Increase community's understanding of young people's needs
- · Reduced stigma
- Increased community involvement
- Policy Change
- Create networks/ communities of support
- Improved sense of safety & belonging
- Improved connectedness to peers, adults and community supports

Basic Needs

informed

outreach

judgmental,

physically safe

place; LGBTQI

inclusive; no-

discrimination

management

· Distribution of

Group meals

creeper list

Safety planning

Harm reduction

Data tracking on

youth needs

Bus passes

Bad guy/

basic necessities

Non-

Case

Effective, youth- Nurtured Heart Approach

- Therapeutic supports
- Promoting positive culture (safety, belonging, inclusivity)
- · Games, social activities & events
- Youth leadership opportunities
- Traumainformed routines & communication
- Community building & engagement opportunities

- Physical & artistic expression
- life skill development
- Resource & system navigation
- Career exploration
- Job development
- Life skill coaching STD Counseling/ testing / referral
- Harm reduction
- Legal rights knowledge & access to legal representation
- Emotional literacy
- Health & wellness practices

Youth BLAST PARTNERS

Shared vision; Clarity of expectations regarding partnership continuum; Mutuality & reciprocity of support; Cross training opportunities in core models, practices & knowledge; Regular Youth BLAST partnership and stakeholder meetings; Courageous conversations to keep strong/healthy partnerships; Partners represent Youth BLAST in community meetings; Processes for on-boarding new partnerships to support the collective

Friendly Tips

- Could be for a single program or whole organization
- Start with outcomes
 - Then resources
 - Then activities & outputs
 - Then assumptions, external barriers

On your own

- Work on your outcomes
- then whatever else you want (we recommend resources)

Work offline – come back at **2:30** for feedback in small groups

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1:55-2:20pm Define outcomes (orgs)
2:20-2:30pm BREAK
2:30-3:00pm Share work (small groups with facilitator)
3:20-3:40pm Debrief outcomes
3:20-3:30pm BREAK
3:30-4:10pm Define resources and activities (orgs)
4:10-4:50pm Share work (small groups with facilitator)
    4:50pm Close / Survey
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